

# Rules Management

This guide explains the Kiuwan Rules page into detail.

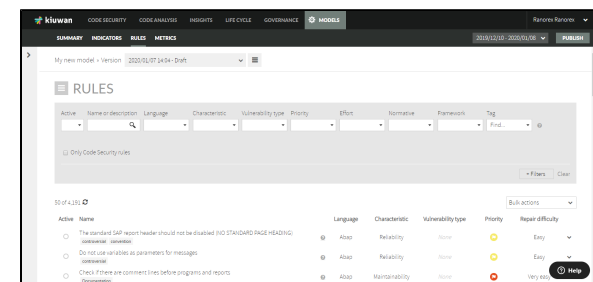
## Contents:

- [Introduction to rules management](#)
- [Rules management page](#)
  - [Filters](#)
  - [Rules list](#)
  - [Quick configuration](#)
  - [Rule details](#)
- [Configuration and customization](#)
  - [Saving the rule: configuration scopes](#)
  - [Restoring configuration default values](#)
  - [Removing a rule](#)
- [Bulk edit: changing multiple rules](#)

## Introduction to rules management

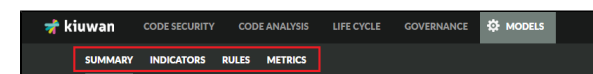
This section shows all the available rules for the current user. These rules can be:

1. **Kiuwan library rules:** Those rules offered by Kiuwan. Users can customize some of their properties to match their model's needs (more on this topic in the Customizing Rules section).
2. **Custom rules:** Kiuwan users can install their own rules in Kiuwan. These rules can be imported from [3rd party tools](#) or installed from Kiuwan Rule Developer (read more about it on the [Rule Development](#) page).



## Rules management page

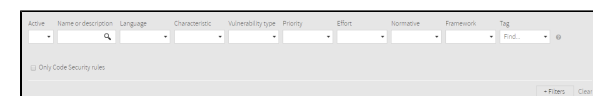
Go to **Model Management > Rules** to access the rules section.



This section shows all the available rules for the current user. Every section of this page is described in the following paragraphs.

## Filters

This is the first part of the section and it allows you to filter the rules to show.



The default filters are:

Name	Description
Active	When set to "On", filters the rules contained in the current model. When set to "Off", filters the rules that can be added to the current model.
Name or description	If set, it filters the rules whose name or description match the specified pattern. All the matches found will be highlighted in the rules list.
Language	It filters the rules that match the selected language.

<b>Characteristic</b>	It filters by Efficiency, Maintainability, Portability, Reliability or Security
<b>Vulnerability Type</b>	It filters by the type of vulnerability (i.e. Injection, Design Error, etc.)
<b>Priority</b>	It filters the rules that match the selected priority.
<b>Effort</b>	It filters the rules that match the selected effort.
<b>Normative</b>	It filters by the the security standards normative needed (OWASP, CWE...)
<b>Framework</b>	It filters by the used framework.
<b>Tag</b>	It shows the rules that contain at least one of the specified tags. In particular, this filter is very useful to find rules that discover vulnerabilities associated with specific CWE identifiers.
<b>Only Code Security rules</b>	Choose whether you want to see only Code Security rules.
<b>+ Filters</b>	<p>The drop-down menu contains additional filters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rule code.</b> It filters the rules whose code matches the specified pattern.</li> <li>• <b>Engine.</b> It filters the rules whose execution engine matches the specified engine.</li> <li>• <b>Owner.</b> It filters the rules owned by the specified user (the current logged user or Kiuwan).</li> <li>• <b>Kiuwan engine version.</b> It filters the rules that have been upgraded in the selected Kiuwan engine version.</li> <li>• <b>Default configuration.</b> It filters the rules that have the default configuration.</li> <li>• <b>Obsolete rules.</b> Select whether you want to see obsolete rules or not.</li> </ul>

These filters can be combined with each other. When activating more than one filter, only rules that match both filters will be shown.  
Each time the filter is changed, the rule counter under the filter section will be updated according to the specified filter.

## Rules list

This is the part of the screen where the rules are shown.

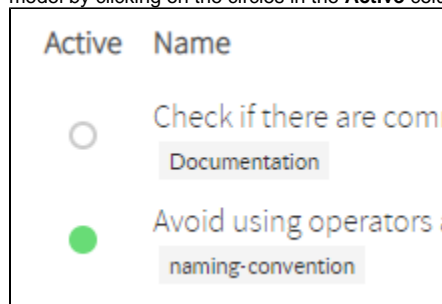
Active	Name	Language	Characteristic	Vulnerability type	Priority	Repair difficulty
<input type="radio"/>	The standard SMI report header should not be disabled (NO STANDARD PAGE HEADINGS) <small>(information / information)</small>	Alisp	Reliability	None	Easy	Easy
<input type="radio"/>	Do not use variables as parameters for messages <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Reliability	None	Easy	Easy
<input type="radio"/>	Check if there are comment lines before programs and reports <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Maintainability	None	Very easy	Very easy
<input type="radio"/>	Check if there are comment lines before functions, method, forms or macros <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Maintainability	None	Very easy	Very easy
<input type="radio"/>	Methods must follow a standard naming convention <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Maintainability	None	Normal	Normal
<input type="radio"/>	The messages must be translated into the necessary languages <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Reliability	None	Easy	Easy
<input type="radio"/>	Standard naming conventions should be followed <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Maintainability	None	Normal	Normal
<input type="radio"/>	Avoid using operators as field names <small>(information)</small>	Alisp	Maintainability	None	Hard	Hard

Each row in the table shows:

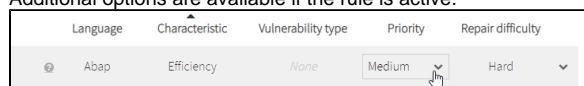
Name	Description
Active	It displays the status of the rule in the current model. A green circle will be shown if the rule is active.
Name	Click on the name of a rule to access its full details window.
?	Click this icon to get more details of the current rule.
Language	The language the rule applies to.
Characteristic	The CQM characteristic the rule is classified under (efficiency, maintainability, portability, reliability, security).
Vulnerability type	The type of vulnerability connected to the rule.
Priority	The priority of the rule. The higher the priority, the more critical a defect found will be.
Repair difficulty	The effort needed to repair a defect found by the rule.

## Quick configuration


When a model of your own is selected in the left Models panel, you can add or remove rules from the model by clicking on the circles in the **Active** column:



Additional options are available if the rule is active:



- Change the **characteristic** classification of a rule. Click the characteristic label to change the characteristic a rule is classified under.
- Change the **priority** of a rule. Click the priority icon to change the priority of a rule.
- Change the **repair difficulty** of a rule. Click the effort label to change the effort needed to repair a defect of a rule.
- Drop-down menu options:
  - **Restore** the default configuration of a rule.
  - **Remove** a rule from kiuwan (only available if the rule is owned by the current user).

 Changes made will NOT affect your analyses until the model is published.

Changes made using the quick configuration will only be applied to the current model. To make changes to a rule that apply to all your models you should open the rule detail window by clicking on the rule name you want to configure.

## Rule details

Click the  icon to show the rule details window.

This window shows the full information of the selected rule. This information is organized in different sections:

Name	Description
Description	Language, name, description and user notes of the rule
Tags	Labels assigned to the rule.
Code	The code of the rule
Reference	External documentation about the rule that is worth reading.
Outgoing Relations	<p>Which rules are related to the current rule and which rules the current rule is related to.</p> <p>Please consider deactivating rules that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Deprecated:</b> deprecated rules should be avoided in favor of the rules that deprecates them. Deprecated rules will not be maintained in newer versions of the Kiuwan engine.</li> <li>• <b>Generalized:</b> some rules may be too specialized in certain situations. If Kiuwan provides a more general rule please consider activating the generalized rule, as it has a wider scope and may detect more defects/vulnerabilities.</li> <li>• <b>Incompatible:</b> a rule R1 is incompatible with a rule R2 in any of these situations: R1 causes similar violations to R2 or R1 looks for disagreeing defects/vulnerabilities with R2. You should decide which rule suits better your needs.</li> </ul>
Benefits	The benefits of repairing this violation
Parameters	The parameters of the rule.

Code  
examples

Violation code and Fixed code = How the rule is violated and how to repair the violation.

AVOID USING OPERATORS AS FIELD NAMES

Description

Avoid using operator names as field names. ABAP allows using a keyword as a user identifier, but that may produce confusion when the identifier is used in comparisons. Following this naming convention produces more readable code.

Tags

Code

OPT ABAP ADR: NoFieldAsOperator

Reference

No relations defined.

Outgoing relations

No relations defined.

Benefits

More readable code

Parameters

forbiddenOperator: SUM, AVG, MIN, MAX, MOVE, DIV, MOD, FIRST, LAST, NEW, IN, AND, OR, NOT, BETWEEN, EQ, GE, GT, LE, NE, NA, NP, HS, HR

Violation code

```
SATL: BEGIN OF 1. OCCURS 100.
  name-1:100 CHAR(100) = ' '
  run TYPE 1: 'RESOLUTION'
  name-1:100 CHAR(100) = ' '
  code(10)
END OF 1.
```

Fixed code

```
SATL: BEGIN OF 1. OCCURS 100.
  name-1:100 CHAR(100) = ' '
  run TYPE 1: 'RESOLUTION'
  name-1:100 CHAR(100) = ' '
  code(10)
END OF 1.
```

## Configuration and customization

When accessing the rule details window of a rule that you don't own, you can:

- Add your own notes for the rule.
- Change the **characteristic** classification of the rule.
- Change the **priority** of the rule.
- Change the **effort** of the rule. You can even set a **custom effort** for the rule in minutes.
- Change the rule behavior by changing the editable **parameter values**.
- Create, add or remove tags to the rule.

If you own the rule, additional options will be available:

- Edit all **metadata** of the rule (name, description, benefits, drawbacks, remediation, configuration).
- Add or remove **documentation references**.
- Add or remove **relations** with other rules.
- Modify the rule **code examples**.
- Modify the rule **parameter's** name and description.

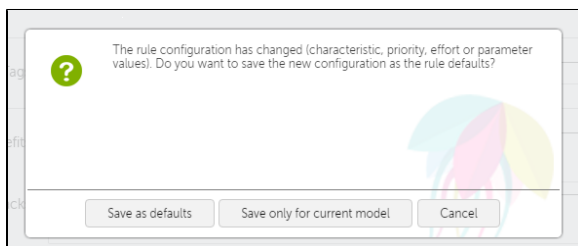
When editing your own rules, note that you will not be able to:

- Change the implementation class of the rule.
- Change editable parameter names.
- Change non editable parameter names or values.

These changes are not allowed in the rule details window because they would impact your own analyses –they could make the rule not executable in the Kiuwan Local Analyzer–. If you need to change any of these fields, you should install the rule again using the rule installation wizard.

## Saving the rule: configuration scopes

When saving a rule and a configuration change has been made –a change in the characteristic, priority, effort or a parameter value–, changes may be applied differently:



- If the rule is not active in the current model, the changes will apply globally. This means that the changes made will affect all your models that contain the saved rule unless the rule was configured for a particular model previously.
- If the rule is active in the current model, you can decide if the change should affect only the current model or globally.

Remember, changes made in the rule list using quick configuration only apply to the current model.

## Restoring configuration default values

You can always return to the previous configuration of a rule.

If you made changes in the configuration of a Kiuwan rule and click on the "Restore defaults" button:

- If the rule configuration was changed to apply globally and the rule has not been configured for the current model, Kiuwan's default configuration for the rule will be restored.
- If the rule configuration was changed to apply globally and the rule has been configured for the current model, your global default configuration for the rule will be restored.
- If the rule configuration was changed only for the current model, Kiuwan's default configuration for the rule will be restored.

## Removing a rule

You can only remove those rules that belong to you. Click the "Remove" button to delete the current rule. Note that removing a rule will not affect published versions that contain the rule. Those versions will still contain the removed rule.

## Bulk edit: changing multiple rules

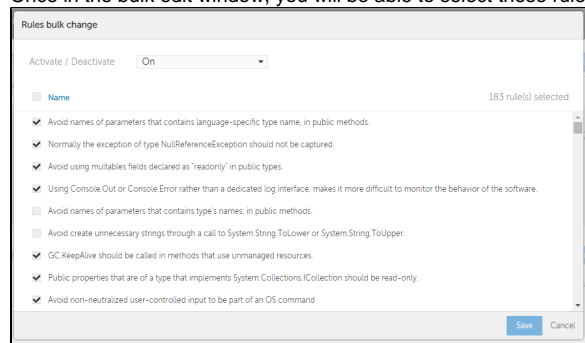
You can apply a change to multiple rules.

Using the bulk edit menu you can:

- Change the active status of a group of rules. This makes adding or removing rules from the current model quick and easy.
- Change the characteristic classification of a group of rules.
- Change the priority of a group of rules.
- Change the effort needed to repair a violation of a group of rules.
- Add tags to a group of rules.
- Remove tags from a group of rules.
- Restore the default configuration of a group of rules.
- Remove a group of rules.

These actions behave the same way as their single rule counterpart.

Once in the bulk edit window, you will be able to select those rules that you want to apply the changes to:



### Hint

Filters are a very nice feature when changing multiple rules. Make the first search using filters and then access the Bulk Change window. Once you have a narrowed list of rules it is easier to select just those you want to apply the changes to.